2004 Individual Income Tax Worksheets

Worksheet I - IRA Deduction

If you file jointly on your federal tax return and separately (filing status 3, 4 or 5) on your Montana return, your deductible IRA for Montana purposes may be less than the amount allowed on your federal return.

If during the tax year, neither spouse was covered by a retirement plan where they worked, Montana and federal IRA deductions will be the same (maximum \$3,000 per spouse, or \$3,500 if 50 years old or older). If part of your IRA deduction is attributable to the IRA of a nonworking spouse, that amount must be added back on line 23 in the column of the nonworking spouse.

If during the tax year, one or both spouses were covered by a retirement plan where they worked, complete both columns of the worksheet below to determine if there is a difference between allowable federal and Montana IRA deductions.



IRA Worksheet	Column A	
Phase out amount Enter your federal adjusted gross income before federal IRA contributions Subtract line 2 from line 1	2	
 4. Maximum allowable IRA deduction. Multiply line 3 by 30% (.30) or by 35% (.35) in the column for the IRA of the individual who is age 50 or older at the end of tax year). If the result is \$200 or more, enter the result. If it is less than \$200 enter \$200 5. Enter IRA amount from line 19, Form 2	9 4 5 6	
This is the nondeductible portion of your IRA for Montana purposes. If you are married, filing separate returns and lived apart from your spouse the ent	ire vear. vou will be treated as	s single individuals.
Worksheet II - Tax Benefit Rule (Taxable Refunds and Reimbu		S
1. Total of all federal income tax refunds received. Do not include refundable federal c	Oaluman /	Column B
more than the amount deducted for the prior year	1	
Example: In 2003 you deducted medical expenses not covered by insurance. In 200 insurance company determines that a portion of the denied expenses should have be paid by them. They send you a check. This amount may be taxable because you claim tas an expense paid by you in the prior tax year.	04 your Deen	
3. Add lines 1 and 2 above		
Montana itemized deductions for prior year. If you took the standard deduction, stop None of the refund is taxable		
5. Enter prior year's Montana adjusted gross income		
If you are filing a joint return or filing as head of household, multiply line 5 by 20% (.2 If this amount is less than \$2,960, enter \$2,960. If more than \$6,660, enter \$6,660 7. Subtract line 6 from line 4. If the result is zero, stop here. The amount on line 3 is not taxable 8. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 7	6 e7 8	
If line 9 is zero or more, enter the amount from line 8. If less than zero, add lines 8 and 9 and enter the net amount (but not less than zero)	10	
Worksheet III - Qualifying Capital Gain Exclusion		
Capital Gain Exclusion Worksheet - If you had an installment sale(s) of a capital asset may be able to take a capital gain exclusion of 40%. Compute your exclusion on the worksl		January 1, 1987 you
If Federal Schedule D line 21 is negative, you are not allowed a capital gain exclusion Do not proceed any further.	n. Column /	A Column B
1. Add the amounts from federal Schedule D lines 11 and 12 which pertain to installment sales entered into before January 1, 1987, and enter here.		
Add the amounts from federal Schedule D lines 7 and 15 and enter here Divide line 1 by line 2	2 3.	
4. Enter the amount from line 16 of federal Schedule D, but not less than zero5. Multiply the amount on line 4, times the % on line 3:		
6. Multiply amount on line 5 times 40% (.40). This is your Montana capital gains exclusion. Enter on line 35 of Montana Form 2	X .40 6	X .40

When you file your Montana income tax return electronically you represent that you have retained all documents required as a tax record and that you will provide a copy to the department upon request.